CLIENT WITH MENTAL HEALTH ISSUES - TIPS

- 1. Don't feel compelled to accept every retainer.
- 2. Guard against becoming involved in advancing frivolous proceedings.
- 3. If you do decide to accept the retainer DOCUMENT, DOCUMENT!
- 4. Eccentric ≠ Incompetent
- 5. BEWARE Different levels of capacity are required for different matters-determine first whether your client is competent to instruct counsel.
- 6. If you have concerns about your client's capacity to instruct, consider whether a capacity assessment is required.
- 7. Employ qualified capacity assessors, or qualified medical professionals to assist you in assessing your client's capacity.
- 8. Explain to the client the reason a capacity assessment is needed, i.e. to protect a transaction from future challenge.
- 9. Don't lose sight of who your client is, and of your duty to maintain his or her confidentiality.
- 10. Remember your role guard against becoming personally involved in the client's situation.
- 11. Attempt to obtain the client's consent to discuss your concerns with family members, or health care providers.
- 12. Attempt to ensure that powers of attorney are in place for later use if incapacity is likely to occur during the course of the retainer.
- 13. If a declaration of incapacity has already been made, take steps to have a litigation guardian appointed, if litigation is contemplated or already proceeding.
- 14. Know when to withdraw your services.



Legal information and support designed for you

Please note that this information is not a substitute for the member's own research, analysis and judgment. The Law Society of Upper Canada does not provide substantive legal advice or opinions.